A New Regime of Non-Markovianity: Non-Causal Revivals VS Genuine Backflows

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Abstract

It is well known that convex combinations of Markov processes typically result in non-Markov ones. In this talk I will review some notions of (non-)Markovianity for quantum stochastic processes focusing in particular on a recent proposal to quantify information backflows after classical memories have been suitably "squashed" out. Such a squashed non-Markovianity, besides suggesting a notion of genuine (or causal) information revivals, is also able to resolve the problem of nonconvexity, thus clarifying the role of genuine non-Markovianity as a resource for quantum information processing.

A New Regime of Non-Markovianity

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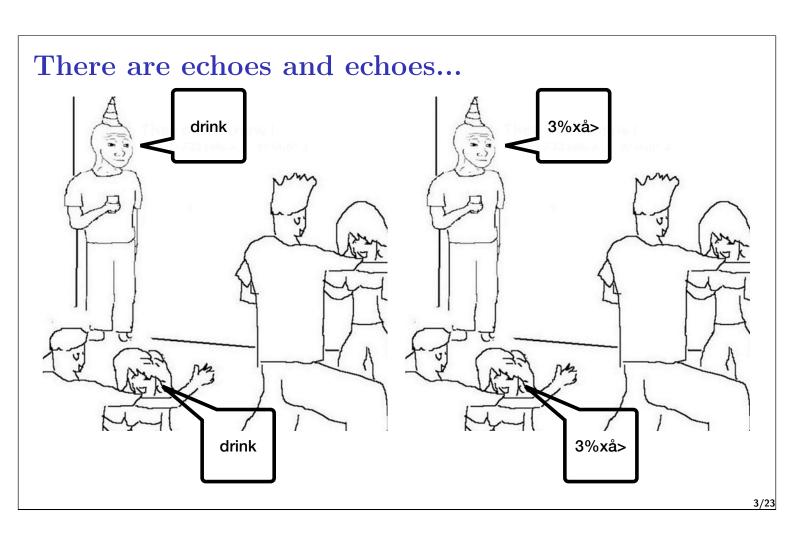


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References

- F.B.: On complete positivity, Markovianity, and the quantum data-processing inequality, in the presence of initial system-environment correlations.

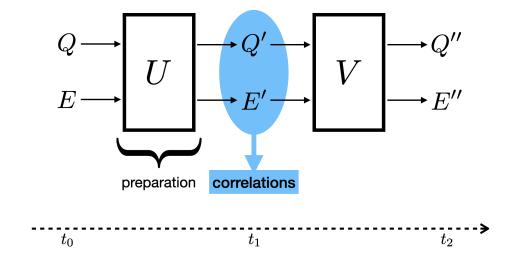
 Physical Review Letters 113, 140502 (2014)
- F.B., R. Gangwar, K. Goswami, H. Badhani, T. Pandit, B. Mohan, S. Das, M.N. Bera: Information revival without backflow: non-causal explanations of non-Markovianity. PRX Quantum 6, 020316 (2025)



The first may just be an "accidental" echo, the second is most probably a "causal" echo...

Does this simple idea carry over to information revivals in open quantum systems dynamics?

Information revival 1/2



$$\mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H}_Q) \otimes \gamma_E \xrightarrow{U_{QE}: t_0 \to t_1} \mathfrak{S}_{Q'E'} \xrightarrow{V_{Q'E'}: t_1 \to t_2} \mathfrak{S}_{Q''E''}$$

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Information revival 2/2

for convenience, we introduce a reference system $\mathcal{H}_R\cong\mathcal{H}_Q$ and a maxent state $|\Phi^+\rangle_{RQ}$

$$\Phi_{RQ}^{+} \otimes \gamma_{E} \xrightarrow{t_{0} \to t_{1}} U_{QE}(\Phi_{RQ}^{+} \otimes \gamma_{E})U_{QE}^{\dagger} \xrightarrow{t_{1} \to t_{2}} V_{Q'E'}\sigma_{RQ'E'}V_{Q'E'}^{\dagger}$$

$$\equiv \sigma_{RQ'E'} \qquad \qquad \qquad \equiv \tau_{RQ''E''}$$

$$R \xrightarrow{|\Phi^{+}\rangle} Q \xrightarrow{} U \xrightarrow{} V \xrightarrow{} V \xrightarrow{} V''$$

$$E \xrightarrow{} U \xrightarrow{} E' \xrightarrow{} V \xrightarrow{} V''$$

if I(R;E'|Q')>0, a revival, may occur: i.e., we could have I(R;Q'')>I(R;Q')

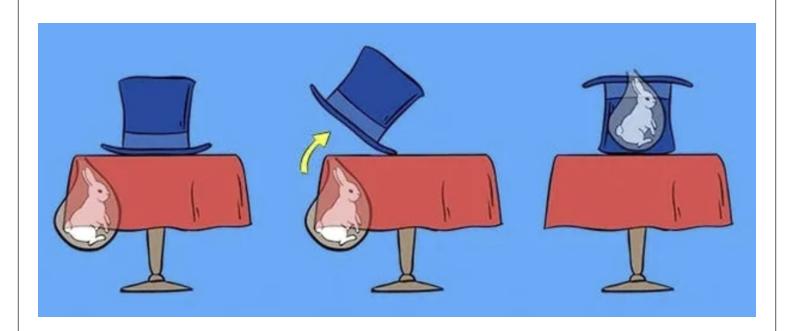
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By looking at the system alone, a revival amounts to a violation of locality!

As such, it needs an explanation.

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Explaining revivals



Explaining revivals

Suppose that a revival happens between t_1 and t_2 , i.e., I(R; Q'') > I(R; Q'), and consider an interaction model such as:

$$\Phi_{RQ}^{+} \otimes \gamma_{E} \xrightarrow{U_{QE}} \sigma_{RQ'E'} \xrightarrow{V_{Q'E'}} \tau_{RQ''E''}$$

$$\tag{1}$$

Explanation: compatibly with the model (1), keep adding parts of the universe to Q', until the revival disappears, i.e., $I(R; Q' \cdots) \geqslant I(R; Q'' \cdots)$

Obvious explanation: just add the environment itself! Indeed, due to unitarity, I(R;Q'E')=I(R;Q''E'')

⇒ causal information backflow

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Statement no. 1

If I(R; E'|Q') > 0, information revivals are possible.

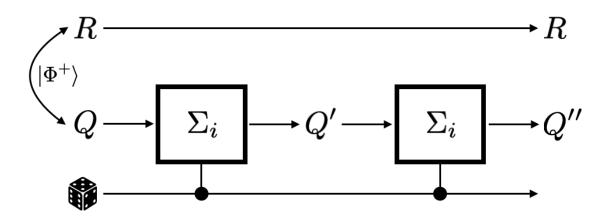
Any revival can be explained as a backflow.

But is a backflow always necessary?

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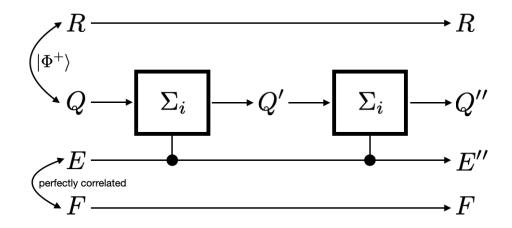
A motivating example 1/2

$$\mathcal{H}_R \cong \mathcal{H}_Q \cong \mathbb{C}^2 , \qquad \gamma_E = \frac{1}{4} \mathbb{1} , \qquad \Sigma^i \in \{\mathbb{1}, X, Y, Z\}$$



$$I(R;Q) = 2 \xrightarrow{t_0 \to t_1} I(R;Q') = 0 \xrightarrow{t_1 \to t_2} I(R;Q'') = 2$$

A motivating example 2/2



$$I(R;QF) = 2 \xrightarrow{t_0 \to t_1} I(R;Q'F) = 2 \xrightarrow{t_1 \to t_2} I(R;Q''F) = 2$$

- \implies F provides an explanation, even though it never interacts with Q and is causally separated from it at all times!
- \implies there ${\bf cannot}$ be any "backflow" from F into Q

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Statement 2

A backflow is not always necessary to explain information revivals.

So, when is a backflow absolutely necessary?

And when instead do we never need one?

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Sufficient condition for a causal backflow

- suppose that there is a revival, i.e., I(R; Q') < I(R; Q'')
- a non-causal explanation does not exists if and only if

$$\forall F$$
: non-causal extensions, $I(R; Q'F) < I(R; Q''F)$

• a sufficient condition for the above is

$$\sup_{F} I(R; Q'|F) < \inf_{F} I(R; Q''|F)$$

• in turn, the above holds if

$$H(Q')_{\sigma} < E_{sq}(\tau_{RQ''})$$

Statement 3

If $H(Q')_{\sigma} < E_{sq}(\tau_{RQ''})$, then the revival requires a backflow, regardless of the interaction model.

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Are there processes that never require a backflow?

Non-causal correlations

$$\Phi_{RQ}^+ \otimes \gamma_{EF} \xrightarrow{U_{QE}} \sigma_{RQ'E'F} \xrightarrow{V_{Q'E'}} \tau_{RQ''E''F}$$

$$I(R; Q'F) \geqslant I(R; Q''F) \iff I(R; E''|Q''F) \geqslant I(R; E'|Q'F)$$

non-causal correlations: if there exists a causally separated extension F such that I(R; E'|Q'F) = 0, the system-environment correlations present at time $t = t_1$ are called non-causal

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Statement 4

If there exists F such that I(R; E'|Q'F) = 0, revivals may occur, but they can only be non-causal: a backflow is never required.

Added bonus: closure under convex mixtures

take the mixture of two processes

$$p\left\{\Phi_{RQ}^{+} \otimes \gamma_{E}^{(a)} \to \sigma_{RQ'E'}^{(a)} \to \tau_{RQ''E''}^{(a)}\right\} + (1-p)\left\{\Phi_{RQ}^{+} \otimes \gamma_{E}^{(b)} \to \sigma_{RQ'E'}^{(b)} \to \tau_{RQ''E''}^{(b)}\right\}$$

even if both $\sigma_{RQ'E'}^{(a)}$ and $\sigma_{RQ'E'}^{(b)}$ only contain Markov correlations, their mixture could allow revivals, i.e.,

$$I(R; E'|Q')_a = 0 \land I(R; E'|Q')_b = 0 \implies I(R; E'|Q')_{pa+(1-p)b} = 0$$

instead, any convex mixture of non-causal correlations is automatically non-causal

⇒ we can construct a convex resource theory of **genuine** (causal) **non-Markovian** backflows

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Conclusion

Today's take-home ideas

- in open quantum systems dynamics, the separation is not only "revival does not occur" (Markov) VS "revival occurs" (non-Markov)
- within revivals, we can further distinguish between "non-causal revivals" VS "genuine backflows"
- $\exists F$ such that $I(R; E'|Q'F) = 0 \implies$ non-causal revivals only
- $H(Q') < E_{sq}(R; Q'') \implies$ genuine backflow
- such "genuine non-Markovianity" is well-behaved under convex mixtures of processes

 resource theory of genuine non-Markovianity

Thank you

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References

- 1. F. Buscemi, On complete positivity, Markovianity, and the quantum data-processing inequality, in the presence of initial system-environment correlations. Physical Review Letters, vol. 113, 140502 (5pp), 2014.
- 2. F. Buscemi, R. Gangwar, K. Goswami, H. Badhani, T. Pandit, B. Mohan, S. Das, and M.N. Bera, *Information revival without backflow:* non-causal explanations of non-Markovianity. PRX Quantum, vol. 6, 020316 (12pp), 2025.